## VI CLASS

## HIGHEST COMMON FACTOR AND LOWEST COMMON MULTIPLE

1. is a factor of every number
a) 1
b) 0
c) 2
d) 5
2. Every number is a $\qquad$ of itself
a) factor
b) multiple
c) a \& b
d) none
3. $\qquad$ has no factor other than itself.
a) 0
b) 1
c) 2
d) 5
4. 

a) 1
b) 3
c) 2
d) 7
5.
a) 1
b) 2
c) 3
d) none
6. Other than 1 , remaining all the numbers has at least $\qquad$ factors.
a) 1
b) 2
c) 3
d) none
7. Another name of product is $\qquad$
a) multiple
b) factor
c) $\mathrm{a} \& \mathrm{~b}$
d) none
8. Numbers with'2' as a factor are called $\qquad$ numbers
a) Even
b) Odd
c) Prime
d) co-primes
9. Numbers without ' 2 ' as a factor are called $\qquad$ numbers
a) Even
b) Odd
c) Prime
d) Composite
10. $4 \times 5=20 ; 20$ is called $\qquad$
a) multiple
b) product
c) $\mathrm{a} \& \mathrm{~b}$
d) factor
11. $4 \times 5=20$, here $4 \& 5$ are $\qquad$
a) factors
b) product
c) multiple
d) none
12. Which is the prime number from the following?
a) 5
b) 9
c) 15
d) 6
13. The sum of 2 even numbers is always an $\qquad$ number
a) Even
b) Odd
c) a \& b
d) none
14. The difference or product of 2 even numbers is always $\qquad$ number. [ ]
a) odd
b) even
c) prime
d) none
15. All the even numbers are composite numbers except $\qquad$
a) 4
b) 7
c) 2
d) 9
16. Which is not a prime number from the following
a) 7
b) 5
c) 11
d) 9
17. The numbers which are not prime number are called $\qquad$
a) prime numbers
b) composite numbers
c) even numbers
d) odd numbers
18. The sum or difference of 2 odd numbers is always $\qquad$ number.
a) even
b) odd
c) composite
d) prime
19. The product of even and odd numbers is $\qquad$ number
a) an even
b) an odd
c) composite
d) a prime
20. Choose the example of a composite number from the following.
a) 5
b) 12
c) 11
d) 13
21. Which is the multiple of 5 out of the following
a) 25
b) 23
c) 19
d) 24
22. If a number has no factors except 2 ( $1 \&$ the number itself) then that number is called $\qquad$ ,
a) prime number
b) composite number
c) even number
d) none
23. What is the common factor of even numbers?
a) 12
b) 4
c) 0
d) 2
24. What is the G.C.D of 12 \& 60 $\qquad$
a) 12
b) 6
c) 4
d) 2
25. What is the G.C.D. of 5 and 7 $\qquad$
a) 5
b) 7
c) 35
d) 1
26. What is the G.C.D. of 24 and 60 ?
a) 12
b) 2
c) 4
d) 6
27. If a number is a factor of another number, the smaller number is the $\qquad$ [ ] of the given numbers.
a) H.C.F
b) L.C.D
c) a \& b
d) L.C.M
28. If one of the two given numbers is a multiple of the other, the greater number is the $\qquad$ of the given numbers.
a) G.C.D
b) H.C.F
c) L.C.M
d) none
29. The number which divides a given number leaving no remainder is called its $\qquad$
c) factor d) none
a) multiple
b) product
30. The product of 2 odd numbers is $\qquad$
c) a \& b d) none
31. If a number has ' 0 ' or ' 5 ' in one's place, the number is divisible by $\qquad$ [ ]
a) 10
b) 7
c) 5
d) 2
32. If a number has ' 0 ' in one's place the number is divisible by $\qquad$
a) 3
b) 10
c) 7
d) 9
33. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 2 ?
a) 1003
b) 4321
c) 1234
d) 7357
34. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 3 ?
a) 3456
b) 4321
c) 8921
d) 4025
35. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 5 ?
a) 3423
b) 4327
c) 8925
d) 3089
36. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 11 ?
a) 523281
b) 589765
c) a \& b
d) 3057
37. If two numbers have no common factor other than 1 then the numbers are [ ] called $\qquad$ numbers.
a) prime
b) composite
c) factor
d) co-prime
38. Which of the following pairs are co-primes?
a) $(11,111)$
b) $(22,222)$
c) $(14,36)$
d) $(5,15)$
39. If two numbers are co-primes then their product is their $\qquad$
a) H.C.F
b) G.C.D
c) L.C.M
d) none
40. Which of the following is divisible by 4 ?
a) 2784
b) 3006
c) 2007
d) 1522
41. Which of the following is divisible by 6 ?
a) 2007
b) 1525
c) 3456
d) 3004
42. Which of the following is divisible by 8 ?
a) 78280
b) 78205
c) 24782
d) 48278
43. Which of the following is not divisible by 9 ?
a) 3456
b) 8921
c) 4023
d) 5823
44. Which is the odd prime number from the following?
a) 2
b) 9
c) 15
d) 7
45. What is the least odd prime number?
a) 5
b) 7
c) 3
d) 9
46. The prime number which comes just after 43 is $\qquad$
a) 49
b) 45
c) 47
d) none
47. Difference between a prime (19) and a composite (25) number is
[ $\quad$ ]
a) 6
b) 8
c) 9
d) 3
48. No of prime numbers between 50 and 60 is $\qquad$ [ ]
a) 1
b) 2
c) 3
d) 4
49. The sum of the first 5 multiples of 6 is $\qquad$
a) 90
b) 60
c) 30
d) 4
50. Successor of every even number is $\qquad$
d) none
51. Prime factorization of 48 is $\qquad$
52. HCF of 28 \& 84 is $\qquad$
53. LCM of 325,450 is $\qquad$
54. LCM of $120,210 \& 225$ is $\qquad$
55. LCM of $8,10 \& 4$ is $\qquad$

