Addition, Subtraction And Multiplication

1.   The numbers being added are called _____

2.   The result of the addition is called _____

3. $18 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 23$

4. $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 13 = 13$

5. $15 + 16 + 27 = 27 + 15 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6. $18 + \underline{\hspace{1.5cm}} = 54.$

7. $4 + 16 + 8 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 50$

8. $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 37 = 63$

9. $43 - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 25$

10.   The number being subtracted is called _____

11.   The result of the subtraction is _____

12.   The number from which we subtract any number is called _____

13.   If we are subtract zero from a number, the result is _____

14.   If we are subtract a number from itself, the result is _____

15. $75 - 0 = \boxed{\hspace{2cm}}$

16.   The number being multiplied is _____

17.   The result of the multiplication is called _____

18.   The number that multiplies any number is called _____

19.   Repeated addition of the same number is _____

20. $13 \times 14 \times 10 = 10 \times 13 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21.   18 x 71 x 0 = _____

22.   The product of one and a number is _____

23.   The product of zero and a number is _____

24.   6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 =36. The multiplication fact is _____

25.   4 x 3 = 12. The addition fact is _____

26.   _____ is repeated addition.

27.   _____ x 10 = 230

28.   360 x _____ = 36000

29.   4569 x ⬚ = 0

30.   635 x ⬚ = 635

31.   _____ x 1 = 2356

32.   If addition and subtraction are given together, we must _____ first and then _____

33.   205 x _____ = 20500

34.   36 + 43 + 26 = 105. Here 36, 43 and 26 are called _____

35.   213 – 189 = 24. Here 213 is called _____

                                189 is called _____

                                24 is called _____

36.   13 x 5 = 65. Here 13 is called _____

                        5 is called _____

                        65 is called _____

37.   80 + 43 + 21 = 144. Here 80, 43 and 21 are _____

                        144 is _____