

Time, Calendar and Money

1. A day has hours.
2. On the face of the clock small divisions are there.
3. Each small division is a
4. The hour hand in a clock rotates times per a day.
5. The minute hand in a clock rotates times per a day.
6. 1 minute = seconds.
7. 1 hour = minutes.
8. 1 year = days.
9. 1 leap year = days

10. In a leap year, February has days.
11. Generally a month has days
12. 1 week = days.
13. 1 year = weeks.
14. 1 month = weeks.
15. If a year is divisible by 4, then it is a year.
16. months have 31 days.
17. months have 30 days.
18. is the special month of the year.
19. If 5th January is Saturday, what is the date of the next Saturday?
20. The long hand is at 8 and the short hand is between 10 and 11 so the time is
21. Half past 4 can be written as
22. 8 : 15 can be written as

23. The long hand is at 5 and the short hand is between 1 and 2. So the time is
24. I go to bed at 9 : 00
25. The sunrises at 5:45
26. The first half of the day is
27. The second half of the day is called
28. Full form of A.M is
29. Full form of P.M is
30. Quarter to 5 can be written as
31. One rotation of long hand in a clock makes min.
32. One rotation of short hand in a clock makes hours.
33. The standard unit for Indian currency is
34. Indian money consists of and
35. The short form of rupees is
36. The short form of paise is
37. The short form of rupee is
38. To convert Rupees to paise we should multiply rupees by
39. To convert paise to rupees we should paise by 100.
40. Rs. 13.75 = ps.
41. 2100 ps =Rs
42. 50 paise coins are there in 6 rupees.
43. 9075 ps = Rs
44. 5 Rupees 5 paise can be written in decimal form as