## IX Class

## PRACTICE MATERIAL

## I. One mark questions :

1. A garden is in the shape of a rectangle. Its length and breadth are 98 cm and 57 cm . Find its perimeter.
2. Find the area of equilateral triangle if side is 2 cm .
3. The lengths of the perpendicular sides of a right angled triangle are 24 cm and 70 cm . Find the length of its hypotenuse.
4. The area of an isosceles right angled triangle is $98 s q . c m s$. Find its perpendicular sides.
5. Show that the diagonal of a square is $\sqrt{2}$ times to its side.
6. Area of the square is 98 sq.cms. Find its diagonal.
7. The length and breadth of a rectangle are in the ratio $2: 1$. If area is 50 cms , find its length and breadth.
8. In a right angled triangle whose sides are 5 cm and 12 cm . Find the maximum area of a rectangle constructed in it.
9. The perimeter of a rectangle is 100 cm , its length is 32 cm . Find its breadth.
10. The area of a circle is 616 sq . cm. Find its radius.
11. Find the perimeter of a semicircle if its radius is 3.5 cm .
12. The radii of the concentric circles are $10.5 \mathrm{~cm}, 7 \mathrm{~cm}$. Find the width of the ring.
13. The length of an arc of a sector is 12 cm and radius is 7 cm . Find the area of the sector.
14. The angles of quadrilateral are $x^{0},(x+10)^{0},(x+20)^{0}$ and $(2 x-30)^{0}$. Find the value of ' $x$ '.
15. The parallel sides of a trapezium are $12 \mathrm{~cm}, 8 \mathrm{~cm}$ and the distance between them is 6.4 cm . Find the area of the trapezium.

## II Choose the correct answer:

16. The sides of triangle are $8 \mathrm{~cm}, 5 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 3 cm then it is $\qquad$ triangle
a)scalene
b)Isosceles
c)Equilateral
d)None
17. The area of an equilateral triangle whose height is ' $h$ '
a) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} h^{2}$
b) $\frac{2 h}{\sqrt{3}}$
c) $\frac{h^{2}}{\sqrt{3}}$
d)None
18. The ratio of sides of a triangle is $1: \sqrt{3}: 2$ then it is
a)Scalene
b)Isosceles
c)Right angled triangle
d)None
19. The perimeter of a right angled Isosceles triangle is 90 cm and its hypotenuse is 39 cm , other two sides are
a) $15 \mathrm{~cm}, 36 \mathrm{~cm}$
b) $25.5 \mathrm{~cm}, 25.5 \mathrm{~cm}$
c) $28 \mathrm{~cm}, 18 \mathrm{~cm}$
d) None
20. The angles of a triangle are $45^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}$ and $90^{\circ}$ then the ratio of sides is
a) $1: \sqrt{3}: 2$
b) $1: 1: 1$
c) $1: 1: \sqrt{2}$
d) $1: 2: \sqrt{3}$
21. The side of a square is 3 cm then .its diagonal is
a) $2 \sqrt{3}$
b) $3 \sqrt{2}$
c) $2 / \sqrt{3}$
d) $3 / \sqrt{2}$
22. In a square $\mathrm{PQRS}, \mathrm{PR}$ is the diagonal then $\angle \mathrm{QPR}=$
a) $45^{0}$
b) $90^{0}$
c) $60^{0}$
d)None
23. If the side of a square is doubled, then its area becomes $\qquad$ times the original area [ ]
a) 2
b) 4
c) 3
d) 8
24. A circle and a square each has a perimeter of 44 cm . Which has a bigger area?
a) Circle
b) Square
c) Equal area
d) None
25. The diagonals of a rhombus are 16 cm and 12 cm respectively, then its altitude is
a) 64 cm
b) 10 cm
c) 96 cm
d) 32 cm
26. The angle between the diagonals of a rhombus is
a) $45^{0}$
b) $90^{\circ}$
c) $60^{0}$
d) $180^{\circ}$
27. The area of a parallelogram is $40 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ and its base is 8 cm . Then its height
a) 10 cm
b) 8 cm
c) 4 cm
d) 5 cm
28. Sum of the adjacent angles of a parallelogram is
a) $90^{0}$
b) $120^{0}$
c) $360^{0}$
d) $180^{0}$
29. The angle subtended at the centre of a circle of radius 14 cm by an arc of length 22 cm is
a) $60^{\circ}$
b) $120^{0}$
c) $90^{0}$
d) $135^{\circ} \quad[\quad]$
30. The diameter of a wheel is 14 cm , how far will it travel in 10 revolutions?
a) 8.8 cm
b) 880 cm
c) 220 cm
d) None
31. Area of a circle whose diameter is ' $d$ ' is
a) $\frac{\pi d^{2}}{4}$
b) $\pi d^{2}$
c) $\pi d$
d) None

## II. Fill in the blanks

32. The angles of a triangle are $60^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}$ then it is $\qquad$
33. Semi perimeter of a triangle with side $3 \mathrm{~cm}, 5 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 8 cm is $\qquad$
34. Area of a square is $16 p^{2}$ sq.cm then its perimeter is $\qquad$
35. The ratio between side and diagonal of a square is $\qquad$
36. Perimeter of a semicircle is 18 cm , then its radius is $\qquad$
37. The circumference of a circle $(\mathrm{C})$ is $2 \pi \mathrm{r}$ then radius $(\mathrm{r})=$ $\qquad$
38. The ratio between circumference and diameter of a circle is $\qquad$
39. The angle of a sector is $60^{\circ}$ and radius is 7 cm , then its area is $\qquad$
