CHEMISTRY

- 1. Which of the following molecule doesn't have sp³ hybridsation ? (CH₄,BF₃, NH₃, H₂O)
- 2. write the symbol of the outermost shell of magnesium(Z=12) atom . How many electrons are present in the outermost shell of magnesium ?
- 3. Raghu drew the N_2 molecule as

Ravi said this is wrong.Draw the correct

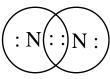
representation of N_2 molecule.

- 4. a) Covalent bond i) Na₂O b) Ionic bond ii) A*l*C*l*₃ iii) H₂O
 - Which of the following is correct?
 - A) a –i &ii ,b-iii B) a –i , b- ii & iii
 - C) a-ii & iii, b-i D) a –iii , b- i& ii
- 5. Which theory explained bond angles in molecules ? Who proposed it ?
- 6. Write the Lewis structure for the formation of NH_3
- 7. Which compounds exhibit high melting and boiling points ?
- 8. What is electronic configuration?
- 9. Which type of compounds are more soluble in polar solvents ?
- 10. Why are molecules more stable than atoms ?
- 11. Why are ionic compounds good electrolytes ?
- 12. What is 'Lattice energy' ?
- 13. NaCl dissolves in water but not in benzene. Explain.
- 14. How many sigma and pi bonds are present in acetylene molecule between carbon atoms?
- 15 Two elements X and Y have the following configurations.

 $\mathbf{X} = 1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2$

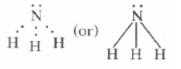
 $\mathbf{Y} = -\frac{1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^5}{s^2 3p^5}$

What is the formula of the compound ?



4. CHEMICAL BONDING (KEY)

- BF₃
 ⁺²/_{Mg}. 2 electrons are present in the outermost shell of Magnesium
- 3. $: N \equiv N :$
- 4. D
- 5. Valency shell electron pair repulsion theory. Sidgewick and Powell
- 6. Lewis structure of the NH_3 is



- 7. Ionic compounds exhibit high melting and boiling points.
- 8. A systematic arrangement of electrons in the atomic orbits is called electronic configuration.
- 9. Ionic compounds are more soluble in polar solvents.
- 10. Molecules have lower energy than that of the combined atoms. Molecules are more stable than atoms since chemical species with lower energy are more stable.
- 11. 1) Electrolytes produce ions in solution, which carry current.

2) Ionic compounds in the fused state and aqueous solutions contain ions moving freely. Hence they conduct electricity.

- 12. The energy released when gaseous positive and negative ions are brought together from infinity to form one mole ionic crystals is called lattice energy.
- 13. NaCl dissolves in water because of hydration. Water being a polar molecule has positive and negative ends which hydrate Na^+ and Cl^- ions. Benzene being non-polar cannot solvate the ions of NaCl.
- 14. HC = CH, one sigma and two pi bonds are present.
- 15. The electronic configuration of X is $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2$ So its valency is 2.

The electronic configuration of Y is $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^5$ So its valency is 1.

:. The formula of the compound is XY_2